

Tackling the risk of Work-related Musculoskeletal Disorders (MSDs) within Construction

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## Take aways

- What are musculoskeletal disorders?
- Motivations for tackling MSD: Key priority area
- Partnership approach WHLGNI
- The extent of the problem: Statistics
- Research to improve legislative compliance
- Examples of improvements
- Make information, instruction & training more effective... Job specific
- What can we do?













### What are musculoskeletal disorders?



#### **Disorders:**

Effects of tissue change: stiffness, weakness, pain, swelling, restricted motion, tingling and sensations, etc.

#### **Tissues:**

Muscles
ligaments
tendons
nerves
blood vessels
bursae
bone

#### **Back**

Upper limbs (and neck)

**Lower limbs** 













### **MSD** Key Priority

- Motivators includes sustainable workforce, Public Health etc.
- HSE GB Health Priority Plan Occupational lung disease, musculoskeletal disorders (MSD) and work-related stress
- Mirrored within the HSENI occupational health priorities:
   Occupational lung diseases; occupational cancers; and mental health at work & musculoskeletal disorders (Inter-related).
- WHLGNI: Mirrored HSENI priorities with 5 year strategy















### **WHLGNI**: Partnership Working

- Regional Multi-agency Group: Aim to give Workplace Health the same attention as Occupational Safety with 5 year Plan
- "Encouraging all stakeholders to work collaboratively .. To identify and solve problems through existing provision and development of new tools/strategies"











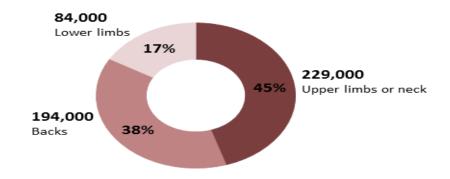






### The Burden of MSDs

- 507,000 workers suffering from MSDs (new or long-standing) in 2016/17
- 8.9 million working days lost due to MSDs in 2016/17
- Overall GB cost estimated £2 billion
- Total case breakdown







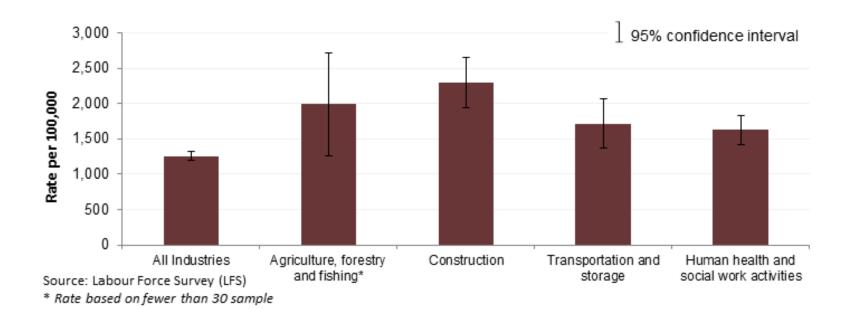








# Estimated prevalence rates of self-reported MSDs in Great Britain, for people working in the last 12 months, by selected industries, averaged 2014/15-2016/17







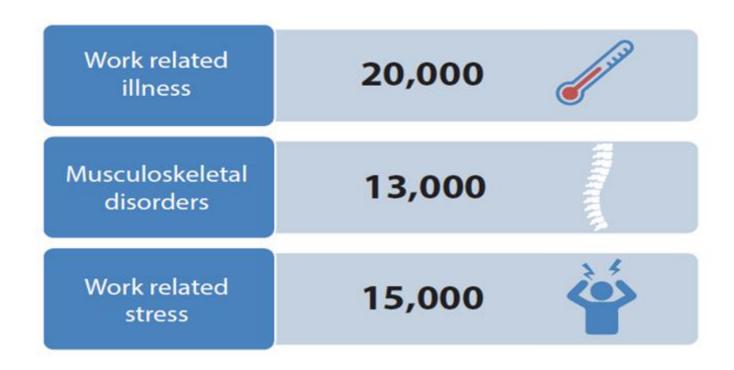








# Estimated numbers of NI employees affected per annum









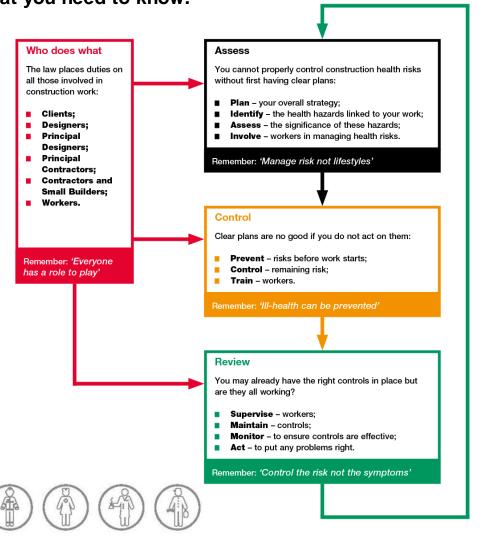






### Managing Construction Health Risks

Managing health risks is no different to managing safety risks. This diagram outlines the basic principles that you need to know.



## Manual Handling Risk Assessment

- Can manual handling involving risk be avoided?
- Can risks be mechanised or handling /lifting aids be used?
- Can tasks be altered-reduce the risk from twisting, stretching or bending?
- Can the loads be changed to reduce weight or improve grip?
- Can the work area be improved to make room for handling?
- Have workers been trained in the use of equipment?
- MAC Tool online currently being updated













# Focus on Managing MSD (Evidence based).. Do you need help includes:

- With MSD risk assessment
- "Designing out", reorganising, cost benefit
- Identifying suitable equipment,
- Occupational health cases
- Research shows that general training in lifting ineffective way to control risk.. Changing attitudes, behaviours, tailoring training to suit (Job Specific)













### What are the MSD risk factors?

Load Weight

Frequency of lifting heavy

loads

**Excessive Carry distances** 

Pushing and Pulling

**Poor Posture** 

Lifting at/above head height or at foot level

or below

Poor environment – hot/cold/wet (slippery), poor floor surface etc.

Poor grip on load







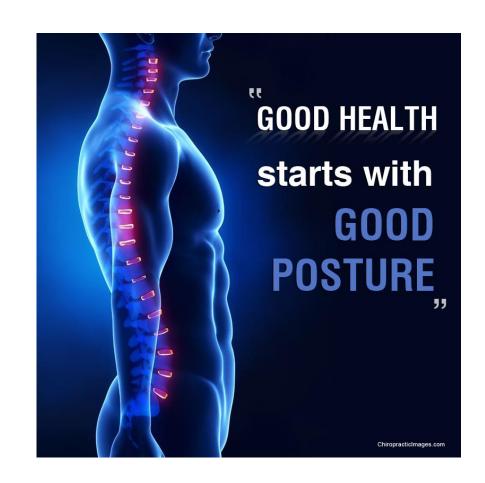






### Other factors

- Age/aging workforce
- Smoking
- Existing health problems
- Piece work: Making a living verses recovery time (Spinal – realignment)
- Cumulative effect















## **Designing Out**

- Lighter, dense blocks
- Prefabricated Walling Systems
- Light weight beam and block floor
- Useful links
- http://forterra-jetfloor.co.uk/
- http://www.jablite.co.uk/application/jabfloor/
- http://www.tetrisfloors.co.uk/beam-and-block



















# Avoiding

















## Continued

Mobile lifting hoists















# Lifting Aids

Cam grips and suctions

















# Identifying equipment

Adjustable Spot Board















# Continued: Rebar Tying Machines

















# The way forward suggestions

- Use of your expertise, networks, lobby for change, drive down costs etc.
- Link with Competent Specialists i.e. Ergonomists and Human Factors, Chartered Physiotherapists (Evidence Based) etc.
- Review information, instruction training: Tool box talks
- Share good practice/case study
- Any ideas













### **Useful Links**

- http://www.hse.gov.uk/statistics/causdis/musculoskeletal/msd.pdf
   http://www.hse.gov.uk/pubns/cis57.pdf
- https://www.hseni.gov.uk/publications/workplace-healthleadership-group-strategic-plan-2017-2022
- <a href="http://www.hse.gov.uk/construction/healthrisks/physical-ill-health-risks/manual-handling.htm">http://www.hse.gov.uk/construction/healthrisks/physical-ill-health-risks/manual-handling.htm</a>
- http://www.hse.gov.uk/construction/healthrisks/index.htm
- http://www.hse.gov.uk/msd/external-help.htm
- http://www.eco-buildingproducts.co.uk/ecospot-adjustablemortar-board.html
- http://forterra-jetfloor.co.uk/
- http://www.jablite.co.uk/application/jabfloor/
- http://www.tetrisfloors.co.uk/beam-and-block











